

DIAGNOSTIC •  
AND  
STATISTICAL •  
MANUAL

MENTAL  
DISORDERS

WITH SPECIAL SUPPLEMENT ON PLANS FOR REVISION



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AMERICAN PSYCHIATRIC ASSOCIATION

# Special Supplement

## INTRODUCTION: PLANS FOR REVISION OF THIS MANUAL

The American Psychiatric Association's Committee on Nomenclature and Statistics has been participating during the past few years, with the U. S. Committee on Classification of Diseases, in the World Health Organization's Revision Conferences in preparation for the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases. Those conferences are now terminated. In May, 1966, a classification of mental disorders similar to the following will be presented to the World Health Assembly for approval. This classification (and the other parts of the International Classification of Diseases) will be considered by professional groups and government agencies throughout the world. It is scheduled for adoption by member governments some time in 1967 to become effective that year or later. In adopting it, any country may make reservations regarding specific terms in the classification.

The Committee on Nomenclature and Classification will prepare recommendations on how best to bring a revised version of the APA classification into relation with the International Classification of Diseases, Eighth Revision. The Committee will, consequently, formulate a draft revision of this Manual.

The reader will note that the way in which syndromes due to central nervous system disorders are classified in the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases differs from that of the present manual. The APA Manual makes a primary division between acute and chronic brain syndromes and requires no differentiation between psychotic and non-psychotic syndromes. In contrast the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases requires an initial classification as to whether the syndrome is psychotic or not, and does not require a specification as to whether the syndrome is acute or chronic.

There are places where the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases is not as specific as the APA Manual; acceptance of the ICD classification does not require abandonment of such greater detailed specification. There are other specific differences of a less general nature which will be studied in detail.

# INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF DISEASES EIGHTH REVISION\*

## Provisional Classification Approved by International Revision Conference

### V. Mental Disorders

This section is intended primarily for the classification of admissions to mental hospitals, psychiatric clinics, mental deficiency institutions, etc. For this reason, all forms of mental disorder are classified here, even though associated with or secondary to physical conditions as in categories 300-309, 319, 320-325. For primary mortality classification and for morbidity classification where the main interest is not in the mental state, these categories should not be used by assignment made to the underlying cause.

#### Psychoses (300-309)

- 300 Senile and pre-senile dementia
  - .0 Senile dementia
  - .1 Pre-senile dementia
- 301 Alcoholic psychosis
  - .0 Delirium tremens
  - .1 Korsakov's psychosis (alcoholic)
  - .2 Other alcoholic hallucinosis
  - .3 Alcoholic paranoia
  - .9 Other
- 302 Psychosis associated with intracranial infection (if greater specificity of the associated condition is required, code this in a separate field)
  - .0 With general paralysis
  - .1 With other syphilis of central nervous system
  - .2 With epidemic encephalitis
  - .3 With other and unspecified encephalitis
  - .9 With other intracranial infections
- 303 Psychosis associated with other cerebral condition (if greater specificity of the associated condition is required, code this in a separate field)
  - .0 With cerebral arteriosclerosis
  - .1 With other cerebrovascular disturbances
  - .2 With epilepsy
  - .3 With intracranial neoplasm
  - .4 With degenerative diseases of central nervous system
  - .5 With brain trauma
  - .9 With other cerebral condition
- 304 Psychosis associated with other physical condition (if greater specificity of the associated condition is required, code this in a separate field)
  - .0 With endocrine disorders
  - .1 With metabolic and nutritional disorders
  - .2 With systemic infections

\* Adapted from "WHO/HS/ICD/74 Add. 5.65"

- .3 With drug or poison intoxication, except as in 301
  - .4 With childbirth
    - Excludes psychosis of specified type arising during the puerperium (305-307)
  - .9 With other physical conditions
  - 305 Schizophrenia
    - .0 Simple type
    - .1 Hebephrenic type
    - .2 Catatonic type
    - .3 Paranoid type
    - .4 Acute schizophrenic episode
      - Excludes acute schizophrenia of the types listed above
    - .5 Latent schizophrenia
    - .6 Residual schizophrenia
    - .7 Schizo-affective type
    - .9 Other and unspecified
  - 306 Affective psychoses
    - .0 Involutional melancholia
    - .1 Manic-depressive psychosis, manic type
    - .2 Manic-depressive psychosis, depressed type
      - Includes Endogenous depression
    - .3 Manic-depressive psychosis, circular type
    - .9 Other and unspecified
      - Affective disorder NOS
      - Manic-depressive psychosis NOS
  - 307 Paranoid states
    - .0 Paranoid
    - .1 Involutional paraphrenia
    - .9 Other
  - 308 Other psychoses
    - .0 Reactive depressive psychosis
    - .1 Reactive excitation
    - .2 Reactive confusion
      - Acute or subacute confusional state
    - .3 Acute paranoid reaction
      - "Bouffée délirante"
    - .9 Reactive psychosis (unspecified)
  - 309 Unspecified psychosis
    - Dementia, insanity or psychosis NOS
- Neuroses, personality disorders and other non-psychotic mental disorders (310-319)**
- 310 Neuroses
    - .0 Anxiety neuroses
    - .1 Hysterical neurosis
    - .2 Phobic neurosis
    - .3 Obsessive compulsive neurosis
    - .4 Depressive neurosis
    - .5 Neurasthenia

- .6 Depersonalization syndrome
- .7 Hypochondriacal neurosis
- .9 Other and unspecified neurosis
  - Neurosis NOS
  - Occupational neurosis
  - Transient neurotic reaction
  - Writer's cramp
- 311 Personality disorders
  - .0 Paranoid
  - .1 Affective (cyclothymic)
  - .2 Schizoid
  - .3 Explosive
    - Epileptoid personality disorder
  - .4 Anankastic (obsessive-compulsive)
  - .5 Hysterical
    - Histrionic personality disorder
  - .6 Asthenic
  - .7 Antisocial
  - .9 Other and unspecified
- 312 Sexual deviation
  - .0 Homosexuality
  - .1 Fetishism
  - .2 Pedophilia
  - .3 Transvestitism
  - .4 Exhibitionism
  - .9 Other and unspecified
- 313 Alcoholism
  - .0 Episodic excessive drinking
  - .1 Habitual excessive drinking
  - .2 Alcoholic addiction
  - .9 Other and unspecified alcoholism
- 314 Drug dependence
  - .0 Opium, opium alkaloids and their derivatives
  - .1 Synthetic analgesics with morphine-like effects
  - .2 Barbiturates
  - .3 Other hypnotics and sedatives or "tranquilizers"
  - .4 Cocaine
  - .5 Cannabis sativa (hashish, marihuana)
  - .6 Other psycho-stimulants
  - .7 Hallucinogenics
  - .9 Other and unspecified
- 315 Physical disorders of presumably psychogenic origin
  - .0 Skin
  - .1 Musculo-skeletal
  - .2 Respiratory
  - .3 Cardiovascular
  - .4 Hemic and lymphatic
  - .5 Gastro-intestinal
  - .6 Genito-urinary

- .7 Endocrine
- .8 Organs of special sense
- .9 Other
- 316 Special symptoms NEC
  - .0 Speech disturbance
  - .1 Specific learning disturbance
  - .2 Tics
  - .3 Other psychomotor disorders
  - .4 Disorders of sleep
  - .5 Feeding disturbances
  - .6 Enuresis
  - .7 Encopresis
  - .8 Cephalalgia
  - .9 Other
- 317 Transient situational disturbances
- 318 Behavior disorders of childhood
- 319 Mental disorders not specified as psychotic associated with physical conditions (if greater specificity of the associated condition is required, code this in a separate field)
  - .0 With intracranial infections
  - .1 With drug, poison, or systemic intoxication
  - .2 With brain trauma
  - .3 With circulatory disturbance
  - .4 With convulsive disorder
  - .5 With disturbance of metabolism, growth or nutrition
  - .6 With senile or pre-senile brain disease
  - .7 With intracranial neoplasm
  - .8 With degenerative diseases of central nervous system
  - .9 With other physical conditions

**Mental retardation (320-325)**

- 320 Borderline mental retardation
  - IQ 68-85
- 321 Mild mental retardation
  - IQ 52-67
- 322 Moderate mental retardation
  - IQ 36-51
- 323 Severe mental retardation
  - IQ 20-35
- 324 Profound mental retardation
  - IQ under 20
- 325 Unspecified mental retardation

The following fourth-digit sub-divisions should be used with each of the above categories (if greater specificity of the associated condition is required, code this in a separate field):

- .0 Following infections and intoxications
  - e.g. Prenatal infections, such as congenital rubella or syphilis

Postnatal infections, such as brain abscess, encephalitis  
Intoxications, such as "kernicterus" or lead poisoning

- .1 Following trauma or physical agents  
e.g. Laceration of brain or hypoxia at birth  
Postnatal injury of brain
- .2 With disorders of metabolism, growth or nutrition  
e.g. Cerebral lipoidosis, infantile (Tay-Sachs disease)  
Phenylketonuria  
Hypothyroidism
- .3 Associated with gross brain disease (new growth, degeneration,  
sclerosis [postnatal])  
e.g. Neurofibromatosis (Von Recklinghausen's disease)  
Tuberous sclerosis  
Progressive subcortical encephalopathy (Schilder's disease)
- .4 Associated with diseases and conditions due to (unknown) prenatal  
influence  
e.g. Congenital porencephaly  
Congenital hydrocephalus  
Hypertelorism
- .5 With chromosome abnormalities  
e.g. Langdon-Down disease
- .6 Associated with prematurity
- .7 Following major psychiatric disorder
- .8 With psycho-social (environmental) deprivation
- .9 Other and unspecified